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Protest Note

Against Human Rights Violations in Germany
on the Occasion of The Meeting of the UPR
covering Germany on the 2.2.2009

02.02.2009

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Introduction

We, the protesters, have come together in a provisional alliance against Human Rights Violations in Germany. Those matters, which currently bind us together are the intersection topics, Justice and Jugendamt ("Youth Affairs" which we never translate, because it has unique qualities, only applicable to Germany). We do not, as yet have an umbrella organization to represent us. The absence of such an organization has presented a carte blanche to the German Government to paint a glowing picture⁽¹⁾, to the Universal Periodic Review UPR (meeting today), of Human Rights observance in Germany, to which she has no claim, whatsoever.

Whilst it has not been possible to take issue with all the alleged virtues of the German state as "Protector of Human Rights", in the Papers (¹ and ²), we hope that we have been able to set the matter straight, in the cardinal points of the intersection topics. We shall be covering the extent of Human Rights Violations by public bodies in Germany, assisted by statistical data from our own databases.

The Attitude of the German Supreme Constitutional Court

Germany has abrogated the European Convention for Human Rights. In a judgment of the Supreme Court of the 14.10.2004 (³) she said (under bookmark 18) that the rulings of the European Court of Human Rights are not binding on any German Courts. This was merely an "outing" because Germany has never observed the Convention. Looking at the arguments put forward to justify the huge non-compliance with international treaties, the offending statement,

As a result of the status of the European Convention on Human Rights as ordinary statutory law below the level of the constitution, the ECHR was not functionally a higher-ranking court in relation to the courts of the States parties. For this reason, neither in interpreting the European Convention on Human Rights nor in interpreting national fundamental rights could domestic courts be bound by the decisions of the ECHR,

contains a falsehood: Art 46 of the convention does not apply any ranking to the decisions of the European Court of Human Rights, it simply says that they are to be obeyed, as the text quoted below lays down.

Article 46 – Binding force and execution of judgments

1. *The High Contracting Parties undertake to abide by the final judgment of the Court in any case to which they are parties.*

Sub-Para 2 of Article 46 goes on to say:

2. *The final judgment of the Court shall be transmitted to the Committee of Ministers, which shall supervise its execution.*

There are no further articles or subparagraphs for German judiciaries to "interpret" or "misunderstand". We regard the argument, therefore, as pseudo-judicial and, in particular, it nullifies the European Convention for Human Rights in Germany, because there is no redress to it.

The ECHR represents the implementation of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in Europe. The fact that the Constitutional Court was prepared to act unilaterally - and illegally - with respect to the ECHR only confirms our experience of this court as a hostile public body, at least as far as Human Rights are concerned. Some indication of this is given in later sections.

The Violations of Human Rights in Germany

A centralized Database

We have a centralised database for Human Rights, relating to German court sessions, to which affected persons can contribute their data. Apart from this we have gained a lot of experience in the field of work assessment in court procedures, to which we refer below.

Our statistics (Figs. 1 and 2) show that about 14% of Human Rights violations in Germany are systematic due to defective procedures. (Some of these defects have existed since 1879 when the German Criminal Procedures and the Civil Procedures were promulgated) There would, therefore, be a near 100% probability of these occurring on a nationwide basis. The remaining 86% is ascribed to the arbitrariness of German courts. Overall, the largest section (47%) of the cases represent violations of the right to a fair hearing (Art 6_1 of the ECHR). Whilst nobody enters his case in the databases, because he is thoroughly satisfied with the Human Rights situation in Germany, nobody has yet claimed 100% violations. Furthermore, the distribution is exactly that, which we would have expected in the light of our experience. The figures appear, therefore, to be highly plausible.

A Comparison with the United Kingdom

By contrast, Britain passed the Human Rights Act of 1998 ⁽⁴⁾, making it illegal for any public body to act in a way incompatible with the Convention. Furthermore, there are references to the ECHR in court RPs, defining the procedures to be adopted in the event of "Convention Incompatibility".

The 1997 white paper "Rights Brought Home" ⁽⁵⁾ stated,

It takes on average five years to get an action into the European Court of Human Rights once all domestic remedies have been exhausted; and it costs an average of £30,000. Bringing these rights home will mean that the British people will be able to argue for their rights in the British courts - without this inordinate delay and cost.

Seeking a domestic remedy in Germany will land anyone, after a battle of about two to five years duration, before the Supreme Court of the German Constitution (SCGC). The SCGC is, for the citizen, a hostile public body, which pays no attention to the Convention, or any other kind of right, for that matter. The decision of 14.10.2004 (above) is a monument to its attitude. What in England is a matter for the first instance, is in Germany a seven to ten year odyssey to Strasbourg - and then the German Justice authorities will probably neither implement nor recognize the judgements of the European Court of Human Rights anyway. There have been several cases of Germany refusing to implement this court's decisions, for example Haase v. Germany and Görgülü v. Germany.

Human Rights Abuses through bad Workmanship

In order to determine the work quality of both the courts and their experts, two assessment schemes were set up, consisting of a series of simple questions to be put against the rendering of expert evidence reports. These questions are in essence Quality Management, but without specialist topics, to avoid interminable discussions. The questions are, in summary, *“Is the specialist able to write a coherent report and rationally arrive at a conclusion about it?”* and *“is the court capable of correctly tasking the work and of assessing the report ?”*. We evaluated 29 expert reports on this basis.

The results are published in (Fig. 03 and Fig. 04) and show that both the specialist reports and the tasking to be well below a standard.

Only two specialists were able to produce work of an acceptable standard. Here it should be mentioned that these two reports were of excellent quality, achieving respectively 94% and 95% of the marks (see Fig. 03). The other 27 reports were, by contrast, so poor that one can only describe them as well below even student quality. The average marks achieved by the bad reports amounted to only about 17%.

The tasking by the courts (Fig. 04) was even worse, averaging only about 18%. The definition of the goals for the work was generally of extremely poor quality. In this case no court could produce a credible tasking. In general the tasking goals were poorly defined and the tasks themselves were left, without defining any modalities or even what time scales were to be observed. Nobody can be sure that the specialists had possessed the right qualifications for the task, which were not laid down and indeed some of them appear to us to be wrong. As far as can be established, the only qualification necessary is that the expert should be known to the judge.

It must be said, that these results were not just an academic exercise in quality assessment, but represent real cases. These specialist reports, in all but one case, have to do with tasking by family courts. On the basis of such overwhelmingly amateurish expertises, for example, families are torn apart, children put in orphanages, psychiatric clinics and their parents declared unfit to raise children. As these reports had been classed as acceptable by the courts, we have the irrefutable evidence, that the courts cannot possibly have understood them – if, indeed, they read them at all.

The Jugendamt

Germany's Jugendamts are structured according to Law(Fig 05). These laws actually lay down a commercialized structure for each Jugendamt giving a 2/5 share of the voting power for these organizations. Such incongruity, i.e. the granting to commercial organisations of a share in governmental matters is, as far as we know, unique to Germany. The matter does not stop there, because although the structures reach up to just below state level, the German government adds insult to injury by making the organization completely autonomous and unsupervised. Additionally, and most important for the victims of Jugendamt arbitrariness, there is no complaint procedure laid down.

The structures of the unsupervised Jugendamt, with an annual budget of 21 Billion Euros, lead to highly corruptible regional networks, at the top of which, the Jugendamt and the courts preside (Fig.06) These structures are composed of those which belong to the Jugendamt: i.e. the commercial organizations, which branch out to children's homes, psychiatric clinics, child care and adoption agencies. On the side of the courts, there is the judiciary, controlling the experts, guardianship and children's advocates. The courts regard themselves as the extended arm of the Jugendamt, and as a result, the dependent structures are compounded into a multi layer cooperative of enhanced corruptibility, into whose care more than 80 children per day are taken. Many of these children are sexually abused, neglected and / or maltreated by guardians or the staff of children's homes. Apparently, some of the homes are authorized to practice sterilisation without court authority. Whilst we have not been made aware of this practice until recently, we know of at least three cases.

The homes and psychiatric clinics get €4.000-6.000 and the guardians about €900-1.500 per month per child. The structures seem to be working on a "demand cycle" (Fig 07) basis, where the Jugendamt is acting as a procurement agency for the mainstream homes, with a convenient overflow to the guardianship branch of the industry.

False Translation of the UN-Convention on Children's Rights

German courts are, in our experience, incapable of differentiating between a "child's best interests" and his or her "well-being". There is a world of difference between the two terms. Considering a child's best interests implies a full consideration of his or her future as a person, for life. On the other hand "well being" implies more immediate measures, such as care and protection.

The German government puts out a wrong official translation of the convention on this important issue. It has translated Art. 3_1 ⁽⁶⁾ with ".. Wohl des Kindes", child's well-being, whereas it should be, ⁽⁷⁾ in German ".. die besten Interessen des Kindes..", "the best interests of the child". As though to emphasize this error, the German Government has invented a heading for Art 3, namely "The Child's Well-Being". which is in none of the original texts. This leads to a false grouping under such a heading, since the Article 3 covers "the best interests of a child" as well as his or her "well-being" Art 3_2.

German courts welcome the kind of vagueness, which the false translation brings, because the necessary consideration of a child's future, in say divorce proceedings, implies much more work to be done on each case. As it is, the sub-standard quality of workmanship of German family courts would, in any case, render their decisions "unsafe and unsound" - in view of the incomplete deliberations on, say, child custody, even more so.

The political Influence on Judiciaries.

Membership in political Parties

Heinrich Sennff in his book "Richter und andere Bürger", as well as others, speak of Germany's "Political Justice", even from before 1879. Today German judiciaries are still allowed to meddle actively in Politics. It is thus, by no means, frowned upon, or

unusual, that Judiciaries are members of political parties. Many of these openly flaunt this membership and use it as a means of furthering their careers and / or indulging in corrupt activities. This is a violation of the UN General Assembly Resolutions 0/32 of 29.11.85 and 40/146 of 13.12.85 on the independence of the judiciary.

By contrast, membership by judiciaries in political parties is not permitted either in England & Wales⁽⁸⁾ (P.9 para 3.3) or in the USA⁽⁹⁾ (Canon 7) or in many other countries like Mauritius ⁽¹⁰⁾(Para 1.8).

The politically-based Selection Procedures

Today judiciaries for the higher courts in Germany are selected on a political party quota system. This is regulated by Art 94 & 95 of the German Basic Law. This is of course an open invitation to abuse and, indeed, there is enough of that in the system.

At a lower level, the process of selection and career development is controlled by the justice ministers of the 16 German states. With some slight state variations the composition of the Judiciary selection committee is laid down by state laws. The selection committees, with the exception of that of Hamburg, are generally composed of a basis of state parliamentarians with a minority of citizens. If the "citizens" are also party members, selection of judiciaries can be a 100% political matter. Thus the German Justice System is dependent on both the Legislative and the Executive.

Special case of the ECtHR

This disgraceful form of political "horse trading" on a quota basis in Germany is applicable also to the selection of German judiciaries for the ECtHR. The present incumbent is a party member and openly flaunts her political affiliations in public.

The Government Papers

The national Paper

The national paper⁽¹⁾, although it talks about all the alleged achievements of the German government in the field of Human Rights, it does not, of course, make any mention of its unilateral Annulment of the ECHR nor does it talk about the failure by Germany to comply with many of the decisions of the ECtHR, which has already been mentioned.

Throughout history, Germany's record in Human Rights has been anything but virtuous, as our figures show. She has been able to hide her violations by keeping them at low level. This below-the-radar mode enjoys success, only, because the international community is not watching closely enough.

The national paper also points to the recent low rate of violations recorded at the ECtHR, *"This positive evaluation is borne out by the fact that Germany's total count of rulings by the European Court of Human Rights – both in absolute figures (7 in 2007) and relative to the number of inhabitants (82.2 million) – is extremely low"*. The paper fails to

mention that, at the same time, the rate of applications has been climbing steadily. We find the sudden change in the success rate very suspicious, especially as the registry, which is under German control, only allows applicants one hour for examination of the court files, which could contain thousands of enclosures. It would be appropriate to see if the translations had been correct and that the techniques of "document hacking" had not been applied. In addition, the German cases invariably have a German Judiciary in the chambers to judge the admissibility of each case. In some cases, the same Judiciary has also officiated in the same matter before the Supreme Court of the German Constitution. The card-carrying political influence is decisive here, because the German government also has an interest in the matters before the court. The statement in the Paper, although the statistical values appear correct, enjoys no credibility in our eyes, whatsoever.

The GIHR

In the same manner, the government-controlled German Institute for Human Rights (GIHR), in its paper to the UN Periodic Review ⁽²⁾ reported that Germany had "a highly differentiated and effective court system". The translation appears to have been somewhat literal. However, this is taken to mean, that Germany would have a very efficient court system, in the positive sense. However, we have shown here that it is an arbitrary, poor quality system, without the necessary instinct or consistency for its task - and certainly anything but efficient.

Conclusion

The Government papers (¹ and ²), in the points addressed have been shown to be rather less than candid, although they are unsparing with self-praise.

Germany reacts with great aversion to Human Rights, to the extent of nullifying the European Convention for Human Rights, and forcing the citizen, into a seven to ten year wait for justice, whereas this need not be. Once he has landed at the European court of Human Rights, he is likely to be confronted with a German "dirty tricks" department and a political German Judge, pulling out every stop, to prevent him or her getting Justice. If he overcomes the German obstacles and gets a judgment in his favor, then Germany is likely to simply ignore the decision, as mentioned above in the quoted cases.

The corruptible commercial structures at the heart of the infinitely notorious Jugendamt as well as the quality of work of the courts and their experts, which can only be described as amateurish, leads to the conclusion, that the arbitrariness of this weird construction will continue unchecked for the present. We are preparing measures, but these will need time to take effect.

(See Signature List)

Literature:

1. http://lib.ohchr.org/HRBodies/UPR/Documents/Session4/DE/A_HRC_WG6_4_DEU_1_E.PDF
2. http://files.institut-fuer-menschenrechte.de/665/upr_report_dimr_1_2008_2009_en.pdf
3. http://www.bundesverfassungsgericht.de/entscheidungen/rs20041014_2bvr148104en.html
4. http://www.opsi.gov.uk/ACTS/acts1998/ukpga_19980042_en_1
5. <http://www.archive.official-documents.co.uk/document/hoffice/rights/chap1.htm>
6. <http://www.aufenthaltstitel.de/unkinderrechtskonvention.html#3>
7. <http://www2.ohchr.org/english/law/crc.htm>
8. http://www.paclii.org/PJDP/resources/CodesOfConduct/Guide_to_Judicial_Conduct_-ENGLAND_AND_WALES_2006.pdf
9. <http://www.uscourts.gov/guide/vol2/ch1.html#7>
10. <http://supremecourt.intnet.mu/entry/Guidelines.htm>

Fig. 1 Distribution of Human Rights Violations by Sub-Paragraphs of Article 6

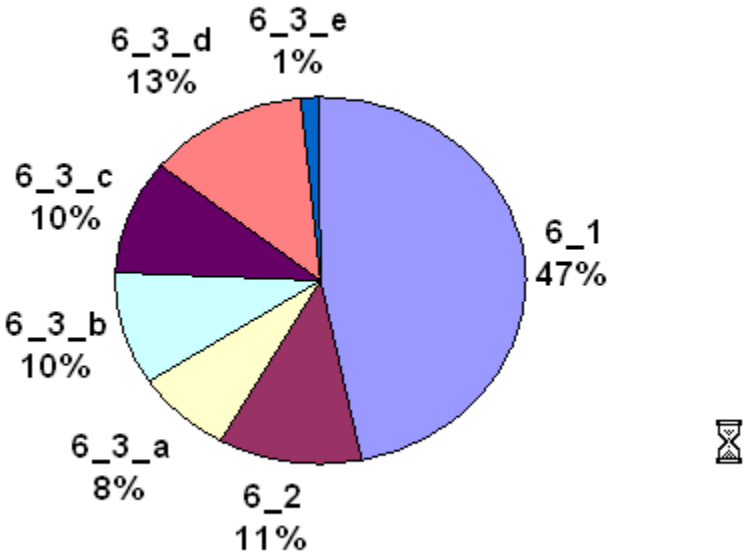


Fig. 2 Proportion of systematic Violations in Fig 01

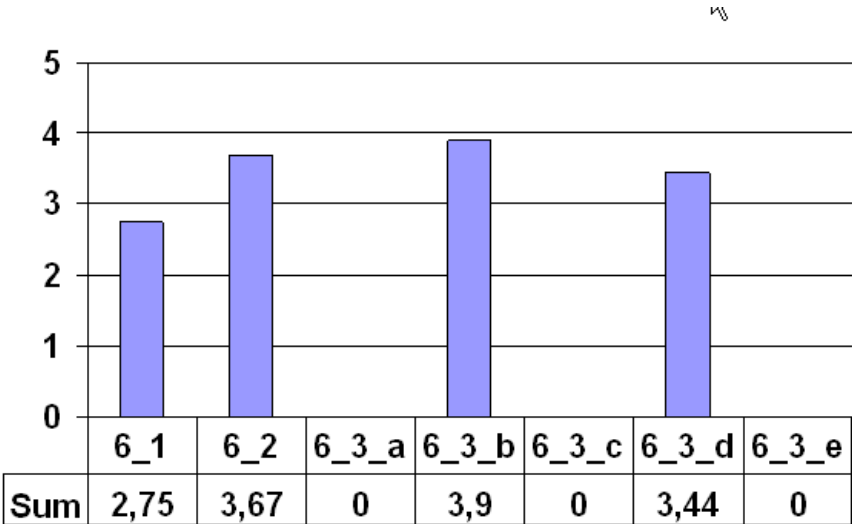


Fig. 3 The Quality of Expert Evidence Reports – Class Psychiatry / Psychology

The plots represent the answers to a simple Quality questionnaire ([Link](#)).

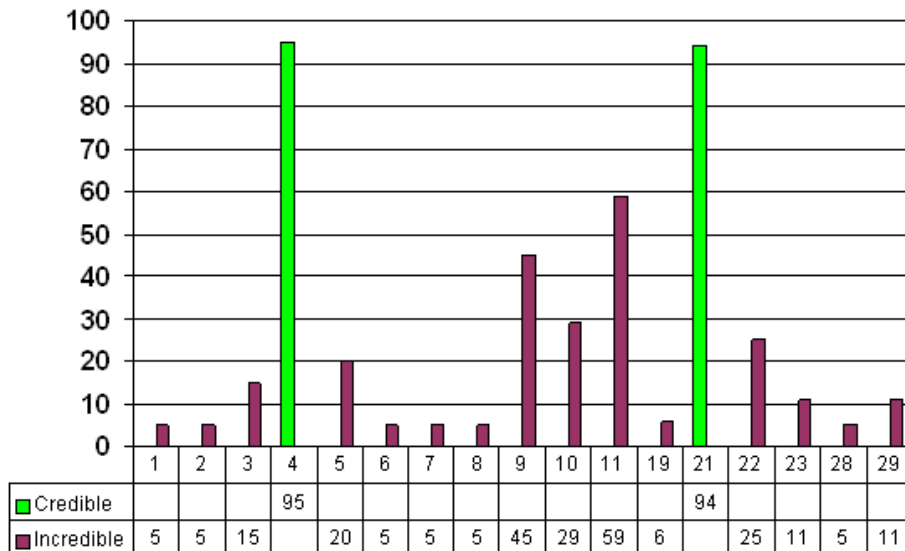


Fig. 4 The Quality of Court tasking of the above Reports.

The Questionnaire ([Link](#)) is even simpler than that of the experts meaning that the courts fell well short of the standards.

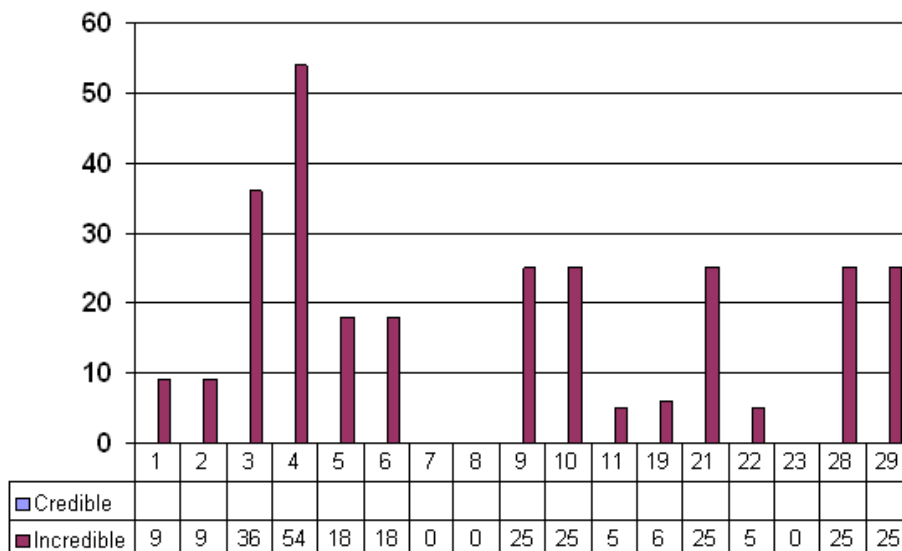
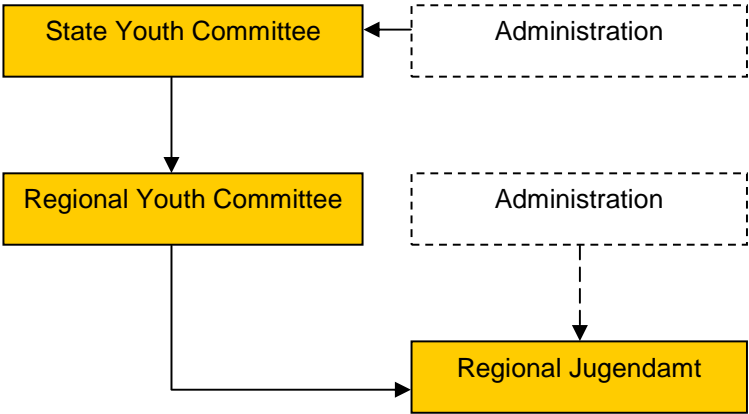
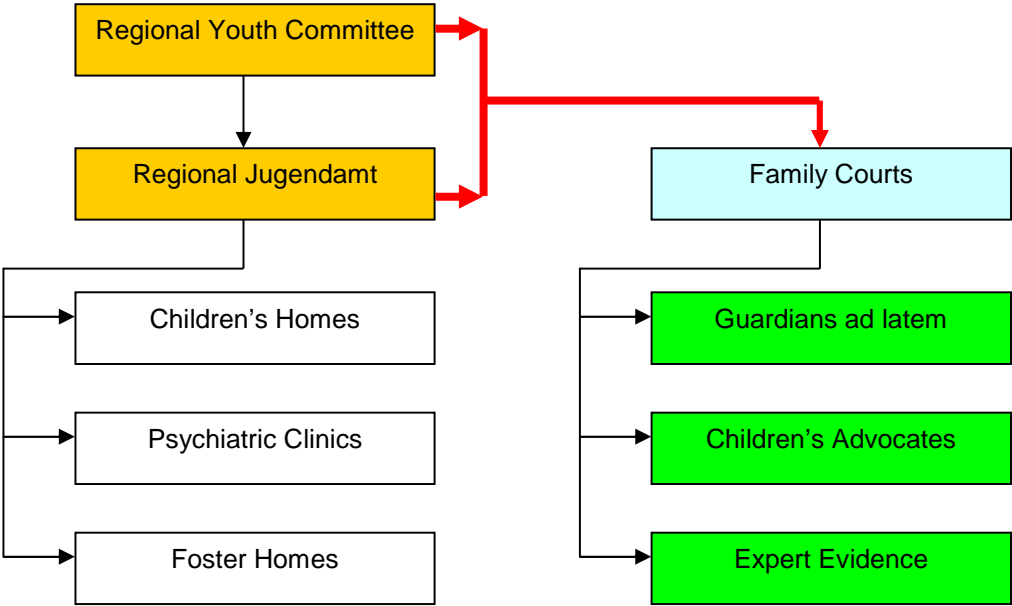


Fig. 5 The structures of the Jugendamt as laid down by law (§70 and §71 of the SGB VIII).



Above the State Youth Committee of the 16 German states there is no responsible body nor is there any supervision. The State and regional Youth Committees Contain Commercial Organisations, who possess 2/5 of the voting power. The Regional Jugendamt is controlled by the Regional Youth Committee.

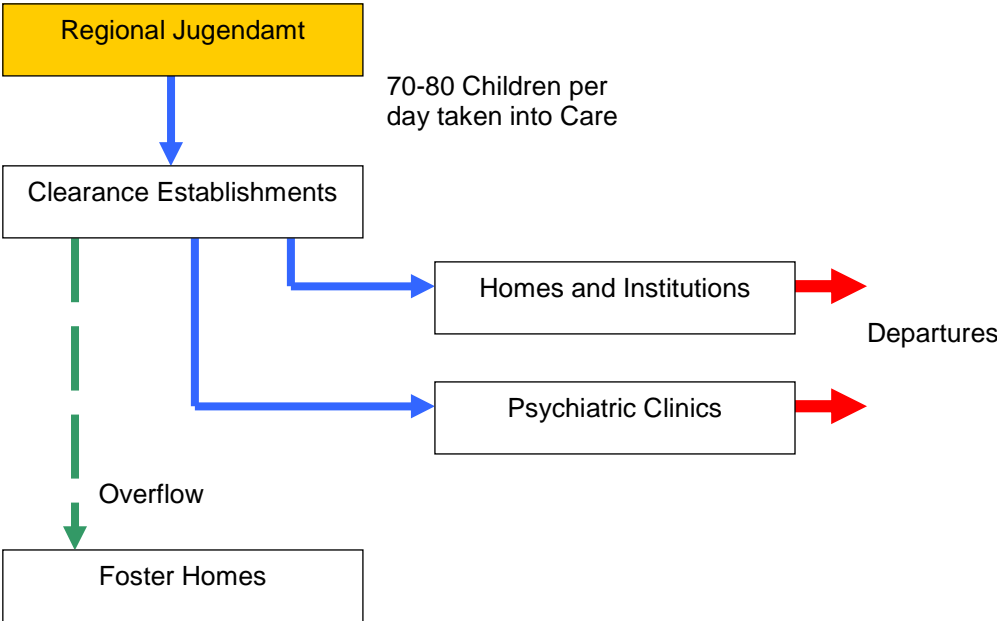
Fig. 6 The structures of the Jugendamt in Cooperation with the family courts.



The family courts generally follow the lead of the Jugendamt and are largely subservient to it. This allows control of the whole child-care industry (the white boxes) by the Jugendamt. This is a highly corruptible construction and, if corruption is present, leads to a command structure shown by the red lines.

Corruptible Structures and a 21 billion Euro annual budget for disposal are the unlike poles which attract.

Fig. 7 The “Child Care Demand Cycle” behaviour of Germany’s Child Care Industry.



The “Child Care Demand Cycle” in Germany is about the only aspect of the Jugendamt that works efficiently. The Jugendamt acts as a procurement agency acquiring children according to a selection and consolidation plan. There is an overflow outlet to the foster homes, which conveniently avoids bottlenecks.

Experience so far reveals the homes and psychiatric clinics to be centres of neglect and maltreatment. The parents have to pay for this service.

Signatures:

abf_tab_sig

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Manu	Name known	Address known	Email known
Maria	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ines	Name known	Address known	Email known
Leonie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Heidemarie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Birgit	Name known	Address known	Email known
Andreas	Name known	Address known	Email known
Bettina	Name known	Address known	Email known
Berthold	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Grit	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ute	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Burkhart	Name known	Address known	Email known
Christian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Magdalena	Name known	Address known	Email known
Karin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Petra	Name known	Address known	Email known
Schenke	Name known	Address known	Email known
Christian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Andreas	Name known	Address known	Email known
Reinhard	Name known	Address known	Email known
Waldemar	Name known	Address known	Email known
Lydia, Silvia	Name known	Address known	Email known
Marian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sonja	Name known	Address known	Email known
Auke	Name known	Address known	Email known
Elisabeth	Name known	Address known	Email known
Elisabeth	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Elisabeth	Name known	Address known	Email known
Eduard	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gehard	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ron	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Karl	Name known	Address known	Email known
Christoph	Name known	Address known	Email known
Martin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Doris	Name known	Address known	Email known
Waltraud	Name known	Address known	Email known
yvonne	Name known	Address known	Email known
tobi	Name known	Address known	Email known
Carena	Name known	Address known	Email known
Linda	Name known	Address known	Email known
Elisabeth	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ingo	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gisela	Name known	Address known	Email known
Klaus	Name known	Address known	Email known
Monika	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ute	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sibylle	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ralph	Name known	Address known	Email known
simone	Name known	Address known	Email known
Katrin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Tim	Name known	Address known	Email known
Julian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Jaqueline	Name known	Address known	Email known
Yvonne	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gabriele	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hans-Jürgen	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hans-Jürgen	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ingo	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Deborah	Name known	Address known	Email known
Klaus	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Winfried	Name known	Address known	Email known
Annette	Name known	Address known	Email known
Daniel	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Bernd Michael	Name known	Address known	Email known
Michael	Name known	Address known	Email known
Jennifer	Name known	Address known	Email known
Charlotte	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Klaus	Name known	Address known	Email known
susan	Name known	Address known	Email known
Lisa	Name known	Address known	Email known
Lisa	Name known	Address known	Email known
Reinhard	Name known	Address known	Email known
Wilfried	Name known	Address known	Email known
patrick	Name known	Address known	Email known
anika	Name known	Address known	Email known
Alexandra	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Andrea	Name known	Address known	Email known
Arndt	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ernst	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gisela	Name known	Address known	Email known
Helga	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hanna	Name known	Address known	Email known
Tristan	Name known	Address known	Email known
Elke	Name known	Address known	Email known
Thilo	Name known	Address known	Email known
Delphine	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
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Adrian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
David	Name known	Address known	Email known
manuel	Name known	Address known	Email known
Olivier	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Andreas	Name known	Address known	Email known
Margarete	Name known	Address known	Email known
Eleonore	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ruediger	Name known	Address known	Email known
Joern	Name known	Address known	Email known
Karsten	Name known	Address known	Email known
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Jens	Name known	Address known	Email known
Raimund	Name known	Address known	Email known
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Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Nicole	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Tim	Name known	Address known	Email known
Willi	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hermine	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
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Ralph	Name known	Address known	Email known
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Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Andrea	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Thomas	Name known	Address known	Email known
Thomas	Name known	Address known	Email known
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<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
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Bettina	Name known	Address known	Email known
Manfred	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ulrike	Name known	Address known	Email known
Waltraud	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gerd	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sabine	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sabine	Name known	Address known	Email known
Johannes	Name known	Address known	Email known
Miriam	Name known	Address known	Email known
Benjamin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Cornelia	Name known	Address known	Email known
Johannes	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Eberhart	Name known	Address known	Email known
Horst	Name known	Address known	Email known
Wahid	Name known	Address known	Email known
Bernhard	Name known	Address known	Email known
birgit	Name known	Address known	Email known
Christiane	Name known	Address known	Email known
Wolfgang	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ulrike	Name known	Address known	Email known
Heiko	Name known	Address known	Email known
Claudia	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sabrina	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Ilona	Name known	Address known	Email known
Melanie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Stephanie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ingrid	Name known	Address known	Email known
Margret	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Lilo	Name known	Address known	Email known
Tilo	Name known	Address known	Email known
Martina	Name known	Address known	Email known
Elvira	Name known	Address known	Email known
Melanie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Ulrich	Name known	Address known	Email known
Fritz	Name known	Address known	Email known
uwe	Name known	Address known	Email known
Fredie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hans-Peter	Name known	Address known	Email known
carmen	Name known	Address known	Email known
Christian	Name known	Address known	Email known
Katrin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Helmut	Name known	Address known	Email known
Simone	Name known	Address known	Email known
Simone	Name known	Address known	Email known
Thorsten	Name known	Address known	Email known
Jörg	Name known	Address known	Email known
Rolf	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hubert	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gudrun	Name known	Address known	Email known
Detlef	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gerhard	Name known	Address known	Email known
JÜRGEN	Name known	Address known	Email known
Michael	Name known	Address known	Email known
Manuel	Name known	Address known	Email known

<i>Forename</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Adresse</i>	<i>e-mail</i>
Armin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Martina	Name known	Address known	Email known
Jonathan	Name known	Address known	Email known
Alberti	Name known	Address known	Email known
Angela	Name known	Address known	Email known
Helmar	Name known	Address known	Email known
Martin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Magdalena	Name known	Address known	Email known
Günter	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sascha	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sandra	Name known	Address known	Email known
Regina	Name known	Address known	Email known
Rolf	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sascha	Name known	Address known	Email known
Daniel	Name known	Address known	Email known
Bernd	Name known	Address known	Email known
Edmund	Name known	Address known	Email known
Peter	Name known	Address known	Email known
Forename known	Name known	Address known	Email known
Margaret	Name known	Address known	Email known
Holger	Name known	Address known	Email known
Stephanie	Name known	Address known	Email known
Simon	Name known	Address known	Email known
Peter	Name known	Address known	Email known
Jan	Name known	Address known	Email known
Kerstin	Name known	Address known	Email known
Thomas	Name known	Address known	Email known
Brigitte	Name known	Address known	Email known
Gudrun	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hermann	Name known	Address known	Email known
Hermann	Name known	Address known	Email known
Michael	Name known	Address known	Email known
Sabine	Name known	Address known	Email known